10 Reasons for Regular Solar PV Installation Testing



Environmental degradation

Damage or corrosion to

cabling and connectors

cabling and connectors caused by moisture can decrease performance or increase the risk of fire.

Damage to wiring

Wires hanging below the panels or touching the roof/vegetation can become damaged, presenting a shock hazard. Surface contamination and damage
PV modules can become dirty over
time, and can be damaged by the
elements or stones dropped by birds,

resulting in decreased output.

Verification of system performance

It's important to identify electrical faults or wiring failures as early as possible. Periodic electrical testing verifies performance over extended periods.

Avoid fire risks
Fires started by

electrical faults in rooftop PV systems have been reported worldwide. Regular testing of PV system cabling and components reduces the potential risk of fire.

Warranty fulfilment Testing to identify and

confirm continued safe operation and optimum energy output can be required by product warranties and component guarantees.

Ground faults

Poor insulation in underground cabling can cause electricity to leak to earth. This can significantly reduce the efficiency of the system.

Customer documentation

Copies of all test and commissioning data should be provided to the customer as part of the system documentation when a PV system is installed.

Effective grounding
If the grounding system

degrades over time there is a chance of electric shock. Compliance with IEC 62446

The international IEC 62446 standard recommends that periodic verification of an existing PV installation should be performed.