

# F604













**Clamp multimeter**

You have just acquired an **F604 clamp multimeter** and we thank you.

For best results from your device:









- **read** this user manual attentively,
- **observe** the precautions for its use.

	WARNING, risk of DANGER ! The operator should refer to this user's manual whenever this danger symbol appears.
	Application or withdrawal authorized on bare conductors carrying dangerous voltages. Type A current sensor as per IEC/EN 61010-2-032 or BS EN 61010-2-032.
	Battery.
	Equipment protected throughout by double or reinforced insulation.
	Earth.
	The CE marking indicates compliance with the European Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU), Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU), and Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (RoHS, 2011/65/EU and 2015/863/EU).
	The UKCA marking certifies that the product is compliant with the requirements that apply in the United Kingdom, in particular as regards Low-Voltage Safety, Electromagnetic Compatibility, and the Restriction of Hazardous Substances.
	AC - Alternating current.
	AC and DC - Alternating and direct current.
	The rubbish bin with a line through it indicates that, in the European Union, the product must undergo selective disposal in compliance with Directive WEEE 2012/19/EU. This equipment must not be treated as household waste.

#### Definitions of the measurement categories

- Measurement category IV corresponds to measurements taken at the source of low-voltage installations.  
Example: power feeders, meters and protection devices.
- Measurement category III corresponds to measurements on building installations.  
Example: distribution panel, circuit-breakers, machines or fixed industrial devices.
- Measurement category II corresponds to measurements taken on circuits directly connected to low-voltage installations.  
Example: power supply to domestic electrical appliances and portable tools.

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# PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

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This device complies with safety standards IEC/EN 61010-1 or BS EN 61010-1 and IEC/EN 61010-2-032 or BS EN 61010-2-032 for voltages of 1 000 V in category IV and 1 500 V in category III, less than 2 000 m, indoors, with a degree of pollution not exceeding 2.

These safety instructions are intended to ensure the safety of persons and proper operation of the device. If the tester is used other than as specified in this data sheet, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.

- The operator and/or the responsible authority must carefully read and clearly understand the various precautions to be taken in use.
- If you use this instrument other than as specified, the protection it provides may be compromised, thereby endangering you.
- Do not use the instrument in an explosive atmosphere or in the presence of flammable gases or fumes.
- Do not use the instrument on networks of which the voltage or category exceeds those mentioned.
- Do not exceed the rated maximum voltages and currents between terminals or with respect to earth.
- Do not use the instrument if it appears to be damaged, incomplete, or not properly closed.
- Before each use, check the condition of the insulation on the leads, housing, and accessories. Any element of which the insulation is deteriorated (even partially) must be set aside for repair or scrapped.
- Use leads and accessories rated for voltages and categories at least equal to those of the instrument. If not, an accessory of a lower category lowers the category of the combined Clamp + accessory to that of the accessory.
- Observe the environmental conditions of use.
- Do not modify the instrument and do not replace components with "equivalents". Repairs and adjustments must be done by approved qualified personnel.
- Replace the batteries as soon as the  symbol appears on the display unit. Disconnect all cords before opening the battery compartment cover.
- Use personal protective equipment when conditions require.
- Keep your hands away from the unused terminals of the instrument.
- When handling the test probes, crocodile clips, and clamp ammeters, keep your fingers behind the physical guard.
- As a safety measure, and to avoid repeated overloads on the inputs of the device, we recommend performing configuration operations only when the device is disconnected from all dangerous voltages.

## 1. DELIVERY CONDITION

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The **F604** clamp multimeter is delivered in its packaging box with:

- 2 banana-banana leads, one red and one black
- 2 test probes, one red and one black
- 1 K thermocouple with banana terminations
- 4 1.5 V batteries
- 1 carrying bag
- 1 multilingual getting started guide.

For accessories and spares, visit our web site:

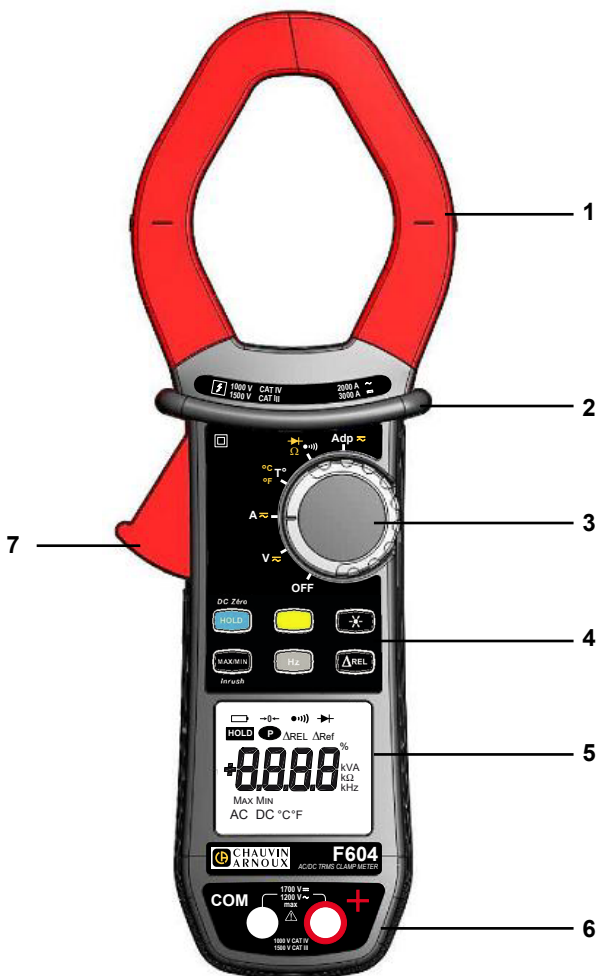
[www.chauvin-arnoux.com](http://www.chauvin-arnoux.com)



## 2. PRESENTATION

The **F604** is a professional electrical measuring instrument that combines the following functions:

- Current measurement,
- Measurement of inrush current / over current (True-Inrush),
- Voltage measurement,
- Frequency measurement,
- Continuity test with buzzer,
- Resistance measurement,
- Diode test,
- Temperature measurement,
- Adpater function.



Item	Designation	See §
1	Jaws with centering marks (see connection principles)	<a href="#">4.5</a> to <a href="#">4.13</a>
2	Physical guard	-
3	Switch	<a href="#">2.1</a>
4	Function keys	<a href="#">3</a>
5	Display unit	<a href="#">2.3</a>
6	Terminals	<a href="#">2.4</a>
7	Trigger	-

Figure 1: the F604 clamp multimeter

## 2.1. THE SWITCH

The switch has six positions. To access the **V**, **A**, **°C**, **°F**, **Adp**, functions, set the switch to the desired function. Each setting is confirmed by an audible signal. The functions are described in the table below:

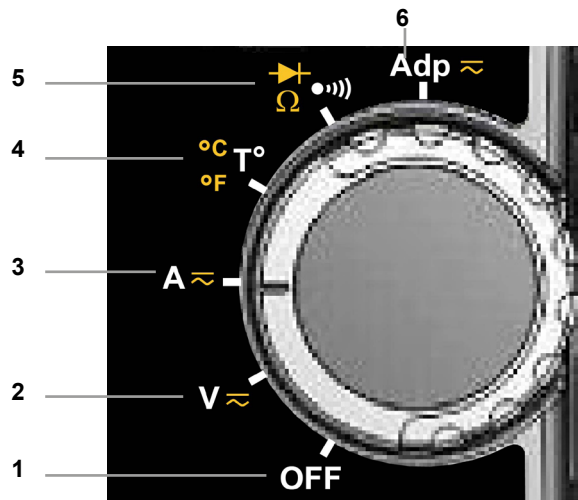


Figure 2: the switch

Item	Function	See §
<b>1</b>	OFF mode - Switches the clamp multimeter off	<a href="#">4.3</a>
<b>2</b>	AC, DC voltage measurement (V)	<a href="#">4.5</a>
<b>3</b>	AC, DC current measurement (A)	<a href="#">4.9</a>
<b>4</b>	Temperature measurement (°C/°F)	<a href="#">4.12</a>
<b>5</b>	Continuity test ●))) Resistance measurement Ω Diode test →	<a href="#">4.6</a> <a href="#">4.7</a> <a href="#">4.8</a>
<b>6</b>	Adapter function	<a href="#">4.13</a>

## 2.2. THE KEYS OF THE KEYPAD

Here are the six keys of the keypad:

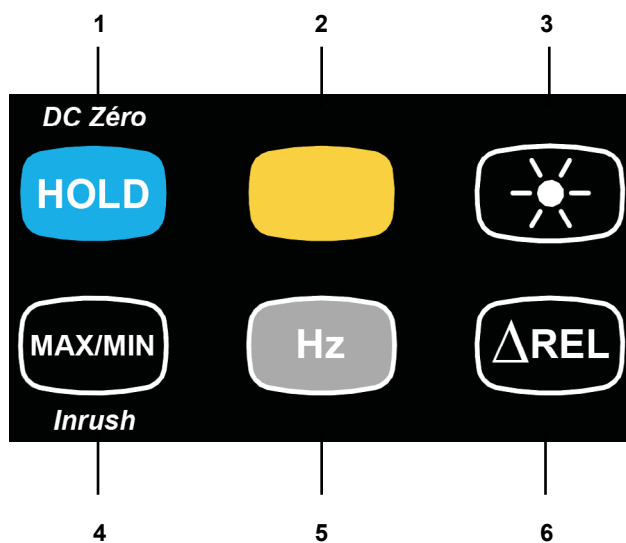


Figure 3: the keys of the keypad

Item	Function	See §
1	Storage of values, disabling of display Zero connection ADC Compensation of the resistance of the leads in the continuity and ohmmeter function	<a href="#">3.1</a> <a href="#">4.9.2</a> <a href="#">4.6.1</a>
2	Selection of the type of measurement (AC, DC)	<a href="#">3.2</a>
3	Activation or de-activation of the backlighting of the display unit	<a href="#">3.3</a>
4	Activation or de-activation of the MAX/MIN mode Activation or de-activation of the INRUSH mode in A	<a href="#">3.4</a>
5	Measurements of frequency (Hz)	<a href="#">3.5</a>
6	Activation of the ΔREL mode Display of relative and differential values	<a href="#">3.6</a>

## 2.3. THE DISPLAY UNIT

Here is the display unit of the clamp multimeter:

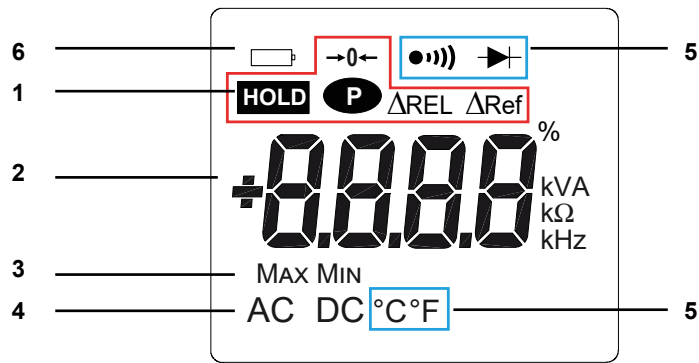


Figure 4: the display unit

Item	Function	See §
1	Display of the modes selected (keys)	<a href="#">3</a>
2	Display of the measurement value and unit	<a href="#">4.5</a> to <a href="#">4.13</a>
3	Display of the MAX/MIN modes	<a href="#">3.4</a>
4	Type of measurement (AC or DC)	<a href="#">3.2</a>
5	Display of the selected modes (switch)	<a href="#">4.5</a>
6	Spent battery indication	<a href="#">6.2</a>

### 2.3.1. THE SYMBOLS OF THE DISPLAY UNIT

Symbol	Designation
AC	Alternating current or voltage
DC	Direct current or voltage
ΔREL	Relative value, with respect to a reference
ΔRef	Reference value
<b>HOLD</b>	Storage of the values and hold of the display
Max	Maximum RMS value
Min	Minimum RMS value
V	Volt
Hz	Hertz
A	Ampere
%	Percentage
Ω	Ohm
m	Milli-prefix
k	Kilo-prefix
→ 0 ←	Compensation of the resistance of the leads
●)))	Continuity test
▶	Diode test
<b>P</b>	Permanent display (automatic switching off de-activated)
🔋	Spent battery indicator

### 2.3.2. MEASUREMENT CAPACITY EXCEEDED ( O.L)

The **O.L** (Over Load) symbol is displayed when the display capacity is exceeded.

## 2.4. THE TERMINALS

The terminals are used as follows:

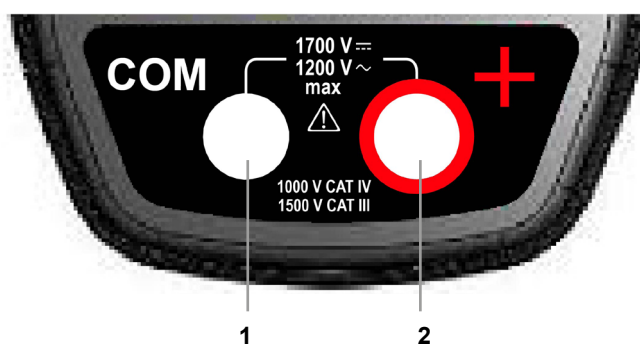


Figure 5: the terminals

Item	Function
1	Cold terminal ( <b>COM</b> )
2	Hot terminal ( <b>+</b> )


## 3. THE KEYS

The keys of the keypad respond differently to short, long, and sustained presses.

The **MAX/MIN**, **Hz** and **ΔREL** keys provide new functions and allow the detection and acquisition of parameters complementary to the usual elementary measurements.

Each of these keys can be used independently of the others or in perfect complementarity with them: this makes navigation simple and intuitive for looking up all measurement results.









It is possible, for example, to look up in turn the MAX, MIN, etc. values of the RMS voltage only, then display relative values in parallel.

In this section, the  icon represents the possible positions of the switch for which the key concerned has some action.

### 3.1. **HOLD** KEY

This key is used to:

- store and look up the last values acquired specific to each function (V, A, Ω, T°, Adp) according to the specific modes previously activated (MAX/MIN, Hz, ΔREL); the present display is then maintained while the detection and acquisition of new values continues;
- perform automatic compensation of the resistance of the leads (see also § 4.6.1);
- perform an automatic zero correction in ADC (see also § 4.9.2).

Successive presses on <b>HOLD</b>		... serve
short	     	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. to stored the results of the present measurements,</li> <li>2. to hold the display of the last value displayed,</li> <li>3. to return to normal display mode (the value of each new measurement is displayed)</li> </ol>
long (> 2 sec)	ADC	to perform automatic compensation of the zero (see § 4.9.2) <b>Remark:</b> this mode operates if the MAX/MIN or HOLD modes (short press) are first deactivated.
sustained		to perform automatic compensation of the resistance of the leads (see § 4.6.1)











See also § 3.4.2 and § 3.5.2 for the action **HOLD** key with the action of the **MAX/MIN** key and with the action of the **Hz** key.

### 3.2. KEY (SECOND FUNCTION)

This key is used to select the type of measurement (AC, DC) and the second functions marked in yellow next to the relevant positions of the switch.









It can also be used, in the configuration mode, to modify the default value (see § 4.4).

**Remark:** the key is invalid in the MAX/MIN, HOLD and ΔREL modes.

Successive presses on 		... serve
	  	to select AC or DC. Depending on your choice, the screen displays AC or DC.
		to cycle through the Ω and diode test  modes and to return to the continuity test  .
	 	to select °C or °F as the unit

### 3.3. KEY

This key is used to backligh the display unit.


Successive presses on 		... serve
	     	to activate or de-activate the backlighting of the screen














**Remark:** the backlighting is switched off automatically at the end of 2 minutes.

### 3.4. KEY

#### 3.4.1. IN THE NORMAL MODE









This key activates detection of the MAX and MIN values of the measurements made. Max and Min are the extreme mean values in DC and the extreme RMS values in AC.

**Remark:** in this mode, the "automatic switching off" function of the device is automatically de-activated. The  symbol is displayed on the screen.

Successive presses on 		... serve
short	    	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- to activate detection of the MAX/MIN values,</li> <li>- to display the MAX or MIN value successively,</li> <li>- to return to display of the present measurement without exiting from the mode (the values already detected are not erased).</li> </ul> <p><b>Remark:</b> the MAX, MIN symbols are both displayed, but only the symbol of the quantity selected blinks. Example: If MIN ha been selected, MIN blinks and MAX is lit steadily.</p>
long (> 2 sec)	     	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- to exit from the MAX/MIN mode. The values previously recorded are then erased.</li> </ul> <p><b>Remark:</b> if the HOLD function is activated, it is not possible to exit from the MAX/MIN mode. The HOLD function must first be de-activated.</p>

**Remark:** "ΔREL" function can be used with the functions of the MAX/MIN mode.





### 3.4.2. THE MAX/MIN MODE + ACTIVATION OF THE HOLD MODE

Successive presses on 		... serve
short	    	- to display successively the MAX/MIN values detected before the  key was pressed.

**Note:** the HOLD function does not interrupt the acquisition of new MAX, MIN values.

### 3.4.3. ACCESS TO THE TRUE-INRUSH MODE ( SET TO )

This key allows measurement of the True-Inrush current (starting current, or over-current in steady-state operation) for AC or DC current only.





Successive presses on 		... serves
long (> 2 sec)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>to enter</b> in the True-INRUSH mode</li> <li>- "Inrh" is displayed for 3 s (the backlighting blinks).</li> <li>- the triggering threshold is displayed for 5 s (the backlighting is steady).</li> <li>- "-----" is displayed and the "A" symbol flashes.</li> <li>- after detection and acquisition, the inrush current measurement is displayed, after the calculations stage "-----" (backlighting off)</li> </ul> <p><b>Remark:</b> the A symbol flashes to indicate "surveillance" of the signal.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>to exit</b> from the True-INRUSH mode (return to simple current measurement).</li> </ul>
short (< 2 sec) <b>Note:</b> a short press is functional only if an True-Inrush value has been detected.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- to display the PEAK+ value of the current,</li> <li>- to display the PEAK- value of the current,</li> <li>- to display the RMS True-Inrush current.</li> </ul> <p><b>Remark:</b> the A symbol is displayed steadily this sequence.</p>

## 3.5. KEY





This key is used to display the frequency measurements of a signal.

**Remark:** this button is not functional in DC.

### 3.5.1. THE Hz FUNCTION IN THE NORMAL MODEL

Successive presses on 		... serves
short	 	- to display: - the frequency of the signal measured, - the present voltage (V) or current (A) measurement.















### 3.5.2. THE Hz FUNCTION + ACTIVATION OF THE HOLD MODE

Successive presses on 		... serves
short	 	- to store the frequency, - to display successively the stored frequency, then the voltage or the current,



### 3.6. KEY

This key is used to display and store the reference value or to display the differential and relative value, in the unit of magnitude measured or in %.

Successive presses on 		... serve
		- to enter the $\Delta$ REL mode, to store then display the reference value. The $\Delta$ Ref symbol is displayed.
short	     	- to display the differential value: (current value - reference ( $\Delta$ )) The $\Delta$ REL symbol is displayed. - to display the relative value in % <u>current value - reference (<math>\Delta</math>)</u> reference ( $\Delta$ ) The $\Delta$ REL and % symbols are displayed. - to display the reference. The $\Delta$ Ref symbol is displayed, - to display the current value. The $\Delta$ Ref symbol blinks.
long (> 2 sec)	     	- to exit from the $\Delta$ REL mode.

**Remark:** the "Relative mode  $\Delta$ REL" function can be used with the functions of the MAX/MIN mode.

## 4. USE

### 4.1. COMMISSIONING

Insert the batteries supplied with the device as follows:

1. Using a screwdriver, unscrew the screw of the battery compartment cover (item 1) on the back of the housing and open it ;
2. Place the 4 batteries in the compartment (item 2), taking care to get the polarities right ;
3. Close the battery compartment cover and screw it to the housing.

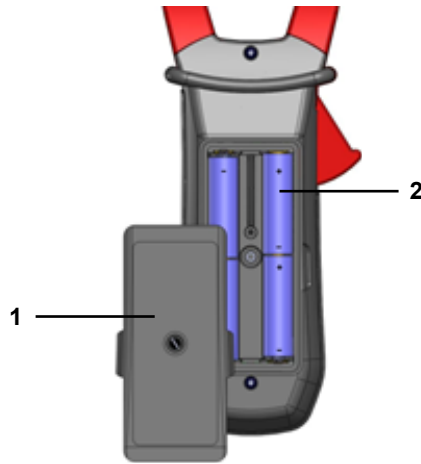


Figure 6: the battery compartment cover

### 4.2. STARTING UP THE CLAMP MULTIMETER

The switch is set to OFF. Turn the switch to the function of your choice. The whole display lights (all symbols) for a few seconds (see § 2.3), then the screen of the function chosen is displayed. The clamp multimeter is then ready to make measurements.

### 4.3. SWITCHING THE CLAMP MULTIMETER



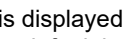



The clamp multimeter can be switched off either manually, by setting the switch to OFF, or automatically, after ten minutes with no action on the switch and/or the keys. Thirty (30) seconds before the device is switched off, an audible signal sounds intermittently. To re-activate the device, press any key or turn the switch.

### 4.4. CONFIGURATION

As a safety measure, and to avoid repeated overloads on the inputs of the device, we recommend performing configuration operations only when the device is disconnected from all dangerous voltages.

#### 4.4.1. PROGRAMMING OF THE MAXIMUM RESISTANCE ALLOWED FOR A CONTINUITY

To program the maximum resistance allowed for a continuity:

1. From the OFF position, hold the  key down while turning the switch to , until the "full screen" display ends and a beep is emitted, to enter the configuration mode. The display unit indicates the value below which the buzzer is activated and the  symbol is displayed.  
The value stored by default is 40  $\Omega$ . The possible values lie between 1  $\Omega$  and 999  $\Omega$ .
2. To change the threshold, press the  key. The right-hand digit flashes: each press on the  key increments it. To shift to the next digit, apply a long press (> 2 s) to the  key.

To exit from the programming mode, turn the switch to another setting. The detection threshold chosen is stored (emission of a double beep).

#### 4.4.2. DE-ACTIVATION OF AUTOMATIC SWITCHING OFF (AUTO POWER OFF)

To de-activate automatic switching off:

1. In the OFF position, hold the **HOLD** key down while turning the switch to **V $\approx$** , until the "full screen" display ends and a beep is emitted, to enter the configuration mode. The **P** symbol is displayed.
2. When the **HOLD** key is released, the device is in the voltmeter function in the normal mode.
3. The return to Auto Power OFF takes place when the clamp is switched back on.

#### 4.4.3. PROGRAMMING OF THE CURRENT THRESHOLD FOR THE TRUE INRUSH MEASUREMENT

To program the triggering current threshold of the True INRUSH measurement:

1. In the OFF position, hold the **MAX/MIN** key down while turning the switch to **A $\approx$** , until the "full screen" display ends and a beep is emitted, to enter the configuration mode. The display unit indicates the percentage overshoot to apply to the measured current to determine the measurement triggering threshold.  
The value stored by default is 10 %, representing 110 % of the established current measured. The possible values are 5 %, 10 %, 20 %, 50 %, 70 %, 100 %, 150 %, and 200 %.
2. To change the threshold, press the **[ ]** key. The value flashes: each press on the **[ ]** key displays the next value. To record the chosen threshold, apply a long press (> 2 s) on the **[ ]** key. A confirmation beep is emitted.

To exit from the programming mode, turn the switch to another setting. The chosen threshold is stored (emission of a double beep).

**Note:** The starting current measurement triggering threshold is fixed at 1 % of the least sensitive range. This threshold is not adjustable.

#### 4.4.4. CHANGE OF TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT UNIT

To program the measurement unit, °C or °F:

1. In the OFF position, hold the **[ ]** key down while turning the switch to **°C T° / °F**, until the "full screen" display ends and a beep is emitted, to enter the configuration mode. The display unit indicates the existing unit (°C or °F). The default unit is °C.
2. Pressing the **[ ]** key toggles between °C and °F.

When the desired unit is displayed, turn the switch to another setting. The unit chosen is stored (emission of a double beep).

#### 4.4.5. PROGRAMMING OF THE ADAPTER FUNCTION SCALE FACTOR

To program the Adapter function scale factor:

1. In the OFF position, hold the **[ ]** key down while turning the switch to **Adp $\approx$**  until the "full screen" display ends and a beep is emitted, to enter configuration mode. The display unit indicates the stored scale factor value.
2. To change the value of the scale factor, press the **[ ]** key. The currently active scale factor is displayed. Each press of the **[ ]** key displays the next value in the list above.

Once the scale factor displayed has been chosen, turn the switch to another position. The value chosen is stored (a double beep is emitted).

#### 4.4.6. DEFAULT CONFIGURATION

To reset the clamp to its default parameters (factory configuration):

In the OFF position, hold the **[ ]** key down while turning the switch to **A $\approx$** , until the "full screen" display ends and a beep is emitted, to enter the configuration mode. The **rSt** symbol is displayed.

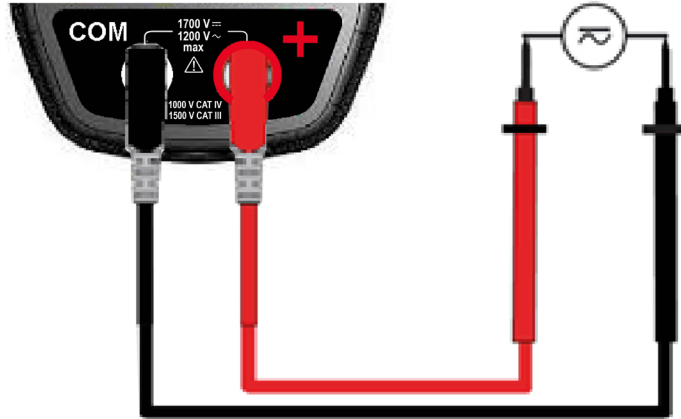
After 2 s, the clamp emits a double beep, then all of the symbols of the screen are displayed until the **[ ]** key is released. The default parameters are then restored:

- Continuity detection threshold = 40  $\Omega$
- True Inrush triggering threshold = 10 %
- Temperature measurement unit = °C
- Adapter function scale factor = 1

## 4.5. VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT (V)

To measure a voltage, proceed as follows:

1. Set the switch to **V~**.
2. Connect the black lead to the **COM** terminal and the red lead to "+".
3. Place the test probes or the crocodile clips on the terminals of the circuit to be measured. The device selects AC or DC automatically according to which measured value is larger. The AC or DC symbol lights in blinking mode. To select AC or DC manually, press the yellow key to reach the desired choice. The symbol corresponding to the choice made then lights in fixed mode.

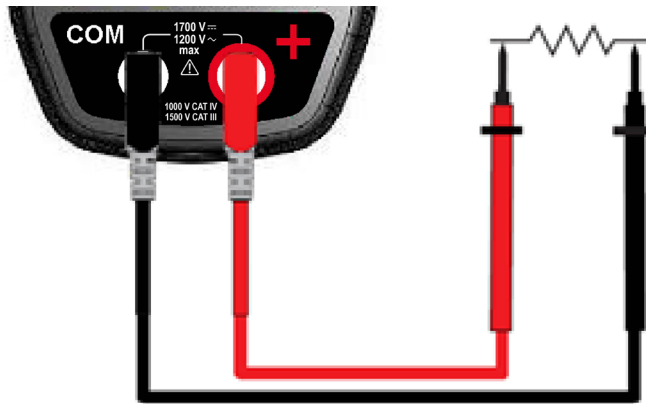


The measured value is displayed on the screen.

## 4.6. CONTINUITY TEST (•)))

**Warning:** Before performing the test, make sure that the circuit is off and any capacitors have been discharged.

1. Set the switch to **•)))**, the **•)))** symbol is displayed.
2. Connect the black lead to the **COM** terminal and the red lead to "+".
3. Place the test probes or the crocodile clips on the terminals of the circuit or component to be tested.



An audible signal is emitted if there is continuity, and the measured value is displayed on the screen.

### 4.6.1. AUTOMATIC COMPENSATION OF THE RESISTANCE OF THE LEADS

**Warning:** before the compensation is executed, the MAX/MIN and HOLD modes must be de-activated.



To perform automatic compensation of the resistance of the leads, proceed as follows:

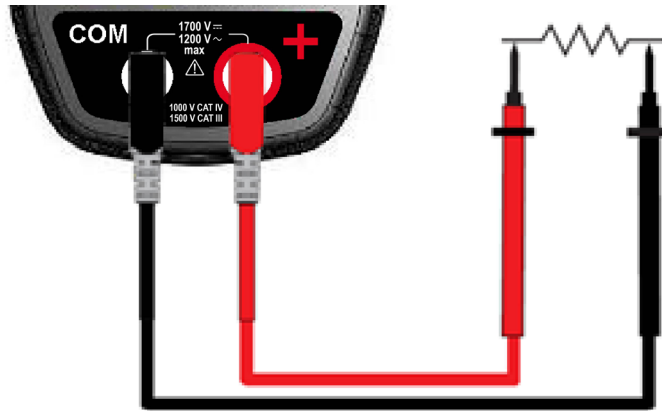
1. Short-circuit the leads connected to the device.
2. Hold the **HOLD** key down until the display unit indicates the lowest value. The device measures the resistance of the leads.
3. Release the **HOLD** key. The correction and the **→ 0 ←** symbol are displayed. The value displayed is stored.

**Remark:** The correction value is stored only if it is  $\leq 2 \Omega$ . Above  $2 \Omega$ , the value displayed blinks and is not stored.

## 4.7. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENT $\Omega$

**Warning:** Before making a resistance measurement, make sure that the circuit is cold and any capacitors have been discharged.

1. Set the switch to  and press the  key. The  $\Omega$  symbol is displayed.
2. Connect the black lead to the "COM" terminal and the red lead to "+".
3. Place the test probes or the crocodile clips on the terminals of the circuit or component to be measured.






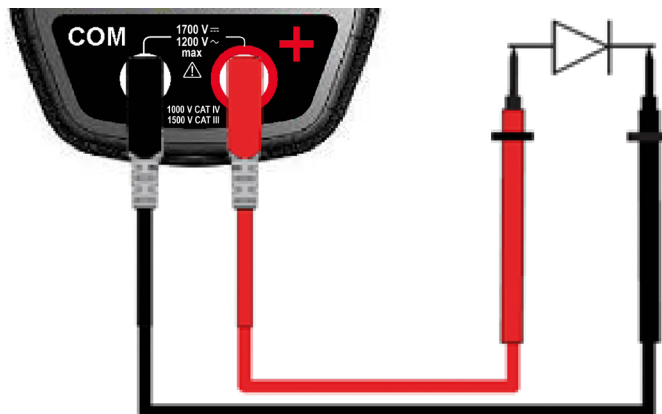
The measured value is displayed on the screen.

**Remark:** to measure low resistance values, first carry out the compensation of the resistance of the leads (see § 4.6.1)

## 4.8. DIODE TEST

**Warning:** Before performing the diode test, make sure that the circuit is cold and any capacitors have been discharged.

1. Set the switch to  and press the  key twice. The  symbol is displayed.
2. Connect the black lead to the "COM" terminal and the red lead to "+".
3. Place the test probes or the crocodile clips on the terminals of the component to be tested.



The measured value is displayed on the screen.

## 4.9. CURRENT MEASUREMENT (A)

The jaws are opened by pressing the trigger on the body of the device. The arrow on the jaws of the clamp (see the diagram below) must point in the presumed direction of flow of the current, from the generator to the load. Make sure that the jaws have closed correctly.

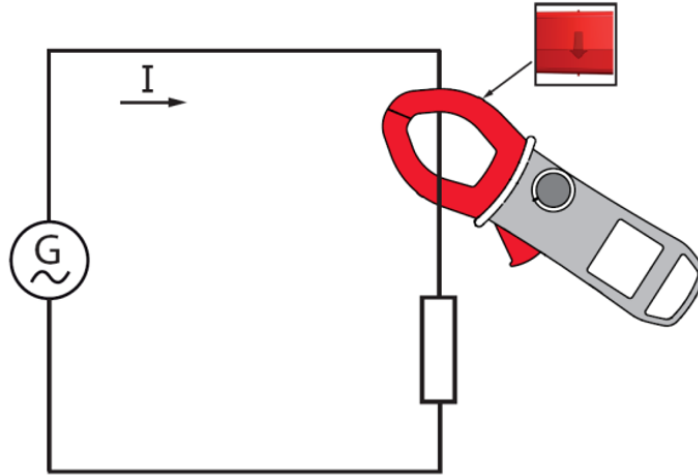
**Remark:** the measurement results are optimal when the conductor is centered in the jaws (aligned with the centering marks).

The device automatically selects AC or DC according to which measured value is larger. The AC or DC symbol blinks.

### 4.9.1. AC MEASUREMENT

For an AC current measurement, proceed as follows:

1. Set the switch to **A $\approx$**  and select AC by pressing the **yellow** key. The AC symbol is displayed.
2. Encircle only the conductor concerned with the clamp.



The measured value is displayed on the screen.

### 4.9.2. DC MEASUREMENT

To measure the DC current, if the display unit does not indicate "0", first correct the DC zero as follows:

#### Step 1: to correct the DC zero

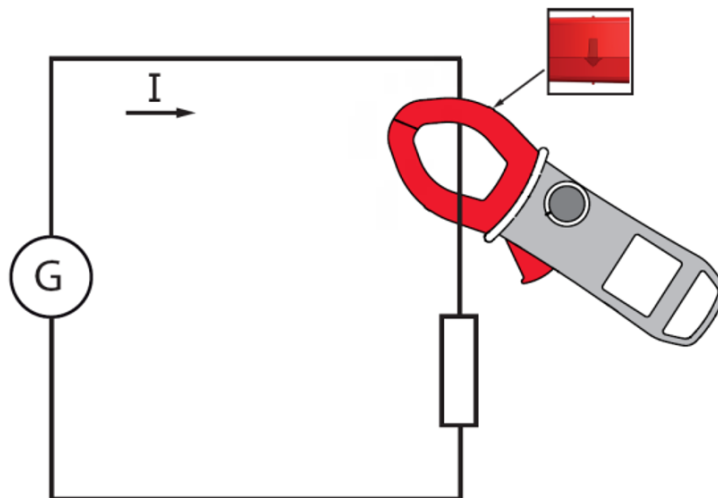
**Important:** The clamp must not be closed on the conductor during the DC zero correction. Hold the clamp in the same position during the whole procedure so that the correction value will be exact.

Press the **HOLD** key until the device emits a double beep and displays a value near "0". The correction value is stored until the clamp is powered down.

**Remark:** the correction is effected only if the value displayed is  $< \pm 20$  A, otherwise the value displayed blinks and is not stored. The clamp must be re-calibrated.

#### Step 2: to make a measurement

1. The switch is set to **A**. Select DC by pressing the yellow key until the desired choice is reached.
2. Apply the clamp to only the conductor concerned.




The measurement is displayed on screen.

## 4.10. STARTING CURRENT OR OVER-CURRENT (TRUE INRUSH) MEASUREMENT

**Remark:** the measurement can be made only in AC or DC.

To measure a starting current or over current, proceed as follows:

1. Set the switch to **A** , correct the DC zero (§ 4.9.2), then apply the clamp around the single conductor concerned.
2. Effect a long press on the **MAX/MIN** key. The InRh symbol is displayed, then the triggering threshold. The clamp then awaits detection of the True-Inrush current. "-----" is displayed and the "A" symbol flashes.
3. After detection and acquisition for 100 ms, the RMS value of the True-Inrush current is displayed, along with the PEAK+/PEAK- values subsequently.
4. A long press on the **MAX/MIN** key or a change of function leads to exiting from the True-Inrush mode.



**Remark:** the triggering threshold in A is 20 A if the initial current is zero (starting of installation), it is that set in the configuration (see § 4.4.6) for an established current (overload in a installation).

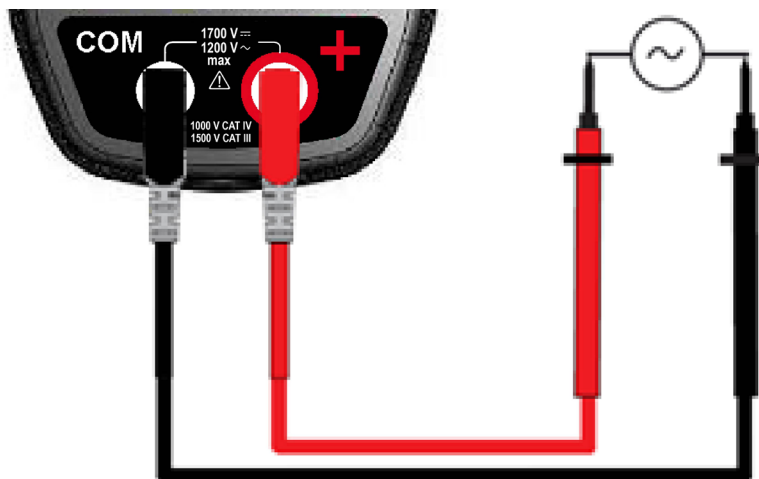
## 4.11. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT (Hz)

The frequency measurement is available in V and A for AC quantities. The measurement is based on a count of the passages of the signal through zero (positive-going edges).

### 4.11.1. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT IN VOLTAGE

To measure the frequency in voltage, proceed as follows:

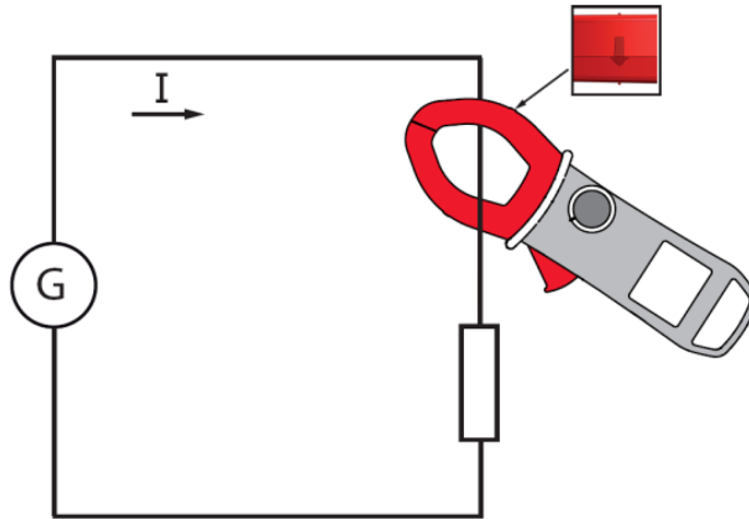
1. Set the switch to **V**  and press the **Hz** key. The Hz symbol is displayed.
2. Select AC by pressing the yellow  key until the desired choice is reached.
3. Connect the black lead to the "COM" terminal and the red lead to "+".
4. Place the test probes or the crocodile clips on the terminals of the circuit to be measured.



The measured value is displayed on the screen.

### 4.11.2. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT IN CURRENT

1. Set the switch to **A** and press the **Hz** key. The "Hz" symbol is displayed.
2. Select AC by pressing the yellow key until the desired choice is reached.
3. Encircle only the conductor concerned with the clamp.



The measured value is displayed on the screen.

### 4.12. TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT

#### 4.12.1. MEASUREMENT WITHOUT EXTENAL SENSOR

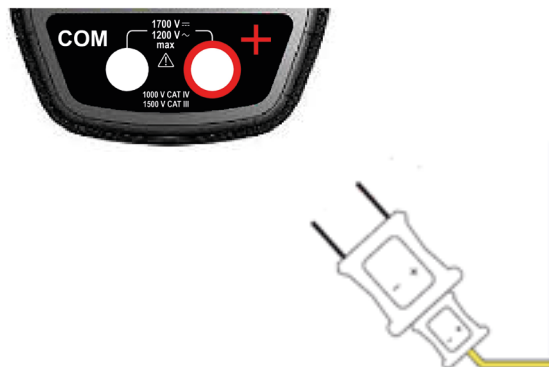
1. Set the switch to **°C T°**.

The temperature displayed (blinking) is the internal temperature of the device, equal to the ambient temperature after a sufficiently long thermal stabilization time (at least one hour).

#### 4.12.2. MEASUREMENT WITH EXTERNAL SENSOR

The device measures the temperature using a K thermocouple.

1. Connect the K thermocouple to the **+** and **COM** input terminals of the device.
2. Set the switch to **°C T°**.
3. Place the K thermocouple on the element or zone to be measured, which must not be at a dangerous voltage.



The temperature is displayed on the screen.

To change the unit, °F or °C, press the yellow key.

**Remarks:**

- If the external sensor is defective, the temperature displayed blinks.
- If there are large variations of the environment of the device, the measurement must be preceded by a stabilization time.



### 4.13. ADAPTER FUNCTION MEASUREMENT

This function makes it possible to connect any adapter/sensor whatever that converts an electrical or physical quantity into a DC or AC voltage, and obtain a direct, immediate reading without applying a conversion factor.


The mode, AC or DC (the default), must be chosen manually using the yellow key.

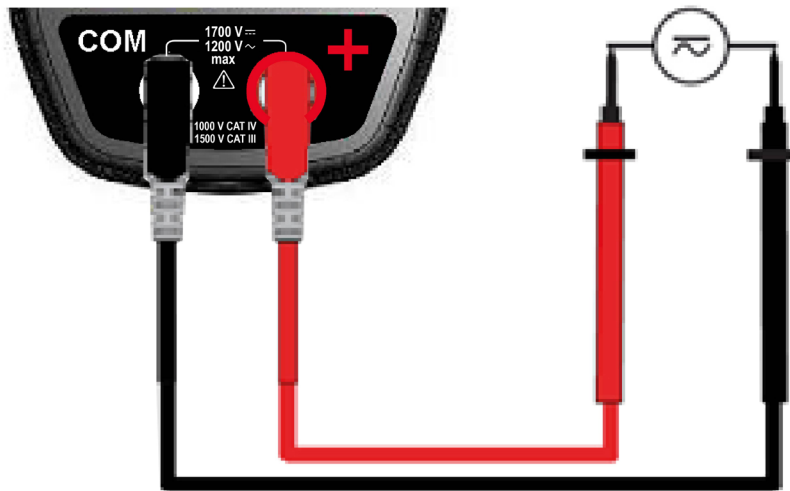
The measurement is made as a voltage measurement.

The scale factor of the adapter must be chosen in advance in set-up. The table below indicates the various adapter/sensor sensitivities that allow a direct reading once the scale factor has been chosen:

Sensitivity (S in mV/A) (example in Amperes)	Scale factor to be programmed
10 mV/kA (0,01 mV/A)	10 k
100 mV/kA (0,1 mV/A)	100 k
1 mV/A	1
10 mV/A	10
100 mV/A	100
1000 mV/A (1 mV/mA)	1 m
10 mV/mA	10 m
100 mV/mA	100 m

The example given in Ampere (A) is valid for any other quantity: humidity (%Hr), illumination (lux), speed (m/s), etc.

1. Connect the black lead to the **COM** terminal and the red lead to "+".
2. Set the switch to **Adp** . Select the AC or DC mode.
3. Connect the adapter according to its directions for use.



The value of the measurement is displayed on screen.

## 5. CHARACTERISTICS

### 5.1. REFERENCE CONDITIONS

Quantities of influence	Reference conditions
Temperature	23°C ± 2°C
Relative humidity	45 % to 75 %
Supply voltage	6.0 V ± 0.5 V
Frequency range of the applied signal	45 - 65 Hz
Sine wave	pure
Peak factor of the applied alternating signal	$\sqrt{2}$
Position of the conductor in the clamp	centred
Adjacent conductors	none
Alternating magnetic field	none
Electric field	none

### 5.2. CHARACTERISTICS UNDER THE REFERENCE CONDITIONS

The uncertainties are expressed in ± (x % of the reading (R) + y points (pt)).

#### 5.2.1. DC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT

Measurement range	0.00 V to 99.99 V	100.0 V to 999.9 V	1 000 V to 1 700 V (1)
Specified measurement range	0 to 1 600 V		
Uncertainties	from 0.00 V to 9.99 V ± (1 % R + 10 pts) from 10.00 V to 99.99 V ± (1 % R + 3 pts)	± (1 % R + 4 pts)	
Resolution	0.01 V	0.1 V	1 V
Input impedance	10 MΩ		

**Note (1):** The display indicates "+OL" above + 3 400 V and "-OL" below - 3 400 V, in REL mode.

Above 1 700 V, a repetitive beep indicates that the voltage being measured is greater than the safety voltage for which the device is guaranteed.

#### 5.2.2. AC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT

Measurement range	0.15 V to 99.99 V	100.0 V to 999.9 V	1 000 V to 1 200 V RMS 1 700 V peak (1)
Specified measurement range (2)	0 to 1 100 VAC / 1 600 V peak		
Uncertainties	from 0.15 V to 9.99 V ± (1 % R + 10 pts) from 10.00 V to 99.99 V ± (1 % R + 3 pts)	± (1 % R + 4 pts)	
Resolution	0.01 V	0.1 V	1 V
Input impedance	10 MΩ		

**Note (1):** The display indicates "OL" above 1 700 V.

Above 1 200 V RMS, a repetitive beep indicates that the voltage being measured is greater than the safety voltage for which the device is guaranteed.

Bandwidth in AC = 3 kHz.

**Note (2):** Any value between zero and the min. threshold of the measurement range (0.15 V) is forced to "-----" on the display.

### 5.2.3. DC CURRENT MEASUREMENT

<b>Measurement range (2)</b>	0.00 A to 99.99 A	100.0 A to 999.9 A	1 000 A to 3 000 A (1)
<b>Specified measurement range</b>	0 to 100 % of the measurement range		
<b>Uncertainties (2) (zero corrected)</b>	$\pm (1 \% R + 10 \text{ pts})$	$\pm (1 \% R + 3 \text{ pts})$	until 2 000 A $\pm (1.5 \% R + 3 \text{ pts})$ from 2 000 ADC to 2 500 ADC: $\pm (2.5 \% R + 3 \text{ pts})$ from 2 500 ADC to 3 000 ADC: $\pm (3.5 \% R + 3 \text{ pts})$
<b>Resolution</b>	0.01 A	0.1 A	1 A

**Note (1):** The display indicates "+OL" above 6 000 A and "-OL" below - 6 000 A in REL mode. The "-" and "+" signs are managed (polarity).

**Note (2):** The residual current at zero depends on the remanence, it can be corrected by the "DC zero" function of the HOLD key.

### 5.2.4. AC CURRENT MEASUREMENT

<b>Measurement range (2)</b>	0.25 A to 99.99 A	100.0 A to 999.9 A	1 000 A to 2 000 A (1)
<b>Specified measurement range</b>	0 to 100 % of the measurement range		
<b>Uncertainties</b>	$\pm (1 \% R + 10 \text{ pts})$	$\pm (1 \% R + 3 \text{ pts})$	$\pm (1.5 \% R + 3 \text{ pts})$
<b>Resolution</b>	0.01 A	0.1 A	1 A

**Note (1):** The display indicates "OL" above 3 000 A, in PEAK mode. The "-" and "+" signs are not managed.

Bandwidth in AC = 1 kHz.

**Note (2):** Any value between zero and the min. threshold of the measurement range (0.25 A) is forced to "-----" on the display.

### 5.2.5. TRUE-INRUSH MEASUREMENT

<b>Measurement range</b>	20 A to 2 000 AAC	20 A to 3 000 ADC
<b>Specified measurement range</b>	0 to 100 % of the measurement range	
<b>Uncertainties</b>	$\pm (5 \% R + 5 \text{ pts})$	
<b>Resolution</b>	1 A	

**Specific characteristics in PEAK mode in True-Inrush** (from 10 Hz to 1 kHz in AC):

- Uncertainties: add  $\pm (1.5 \% R + 0.5 \text{ A})$  to the values in the tables above.
- PEAK capture time: 1 ms min. to 1.5 ms max.

### 5.2.6. CONTINUITY MEASUREMENT

<b>Measurement range</b>	0.0 $\Omega$ to 999.9 $\Omega$
<b>Open-circuit voltage</b>	$\leq 3.6 \text{ V}$
<b>Measurement current</b>	550 $\mu\text{A}$
<b>Uncertainties</b>	$\pm (1 \% R + 5 \text{ pts})$
<b>Buzzer triggering threshold</b>	Adjustable from 1 $\Omega$ to 999 $\Omega$ (40 $\Omega$ is the default)

### 5.2.7. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENT

<b>Measurement range (1)</b>	0.0 $\Omega$ to 99.9 $\Omega$	100.0 $\Omega$ to 999.9 $\Omega$	1 000 $\Omega$ to 9999 $\Omega$	10.00 k $\Omega$ to 99.99 k $\Omega$
<b>Specified measurement range</b>	1 to 100 % of the measurement range		0 to 100 % of the measurement range	
<b>Uncertainties</b>	$\pm (1 \% R + 10 \text{ pts})$	$\pm (1 \% R + 5 \text{ pts})$		
<b>Resolution</b>	0.1 $\Omega$		1 $\Omega$	10 $\Omega$
<b>Open-circuit voltage</b>	$\leq 3.6 \text{ V}$			
<b>Measurement current</b>	550 $\mu\text{A}$		100 $\mu\text{A}$	10 $\mu\text{A}$

**Note (1):** Above the maximum display value, the display unit indicates "OL".

The "-" and "+" signs are not managed.

**Specific characteristics in MAX-MIN mode:**

- Uncertainties: add 1 % R to the values of the table above.
- Capture time of the extrema: approximately 100 ms.

### 5.2.8. DIODE TEST

Measurement range	0.000 V to 3.199 VDC
Specified measurement range	1 to 100 % of the measurement range
Uncertainties	$\pm (1 \% R + 10 \text{ pts})$
Resolution	0.001 V
Measurement current	0.55 mA
Indication: junction reversed or open-circuit	Display of "OL" when the measured voltage > 3,199 V

Note: The "-" sign is disabled for the diode test function.

### 5.2.9. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT

#### Characteristics in voltage

Measurement range (1)	5.0 Hz to 999.9 Hz	1 000 Hz to 9 999 Hz	10.00 kHz to 19.99 kHz
Specified measurement range	1 to 100 % of the measurement range	0 to 100 % of the measurement range	
Uncertainties	$\pm (0.4 \% R + 1 \text{ pt})$		
Resolution	0.1 Hz	1 Hz	10 Hz

#### Characteristics in current

Measurement range (1)	5.0 Hz to 999.9 Hz
Specified measurement range	1 to 100 % of the measurement range
Uncertainties	$\pm (0.4 \% R + 1 \text{ pt})$
Resolution	0.1 Hz

Note (1): If the level of the signal is too low ( $U < 3 \text{ V}$  or  $I < 3 \text{ A}$ ) or if the frequency is less than 5 Hz, the device cannot determine the frequency and displays dashes "-----".

Specific characteristics in MAX/MIN mode (from 10 Hz to 1 kHz in voltage and from 10 Hz to 1 kHz in current):

- Uncertainties: add 1 % R to the values of the table above.
- Capture time of the extrema: approximately 100ms.

### 5.2.10. TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT

Function	External temperature	
Type of sensor	K thermocouple	
Measurement range	-60.0°C to +999.9°C -76.0°F to +1 831.8°F	+1 000°C to +1 200°C +1 832°F to +2 192°F
Etendue de mesure spécifiée	1 to 100 % of the measurement range	0 to 100 % of the measurement range
Uncertainties (1)	1% R $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ 1% R $\pm 5.4^\circ\text{F}$	1% R $\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ 1% R $\pm 5.4^\circ\text{F}$
Resolution	0.1°C 0.1°F	1°C 1°F

Note (1): The stated external temperature measurement accuracy does not take the accuracy of the K thermocouple into account.

Note (2): Use of the thermal time constant (0.7 min/°C):

If there is a sudden variation of the temperature of the clamp, by 10°C for example, the clamp will be at 99 % (cnst=5) of the final temperature after 0.7 min/°Cx5-35 min (to which must be added the constant of the external sensor).

Specific characteristics in MAX/MIN mode:

- Uncertainties: add 1 % R to the values of the table above.
- Capture time of the extrema: approximately 100 ms.

### 5.2.11. ADAPTER FUNCTION MEASUREMENT

In DC mode

Measurement range (1)	0.0 to 999.9 mV	1.00 to 9.99 V
Specified measurement range (2)	0 to 100 % of the measurement range	
Uncertainties	1 % R + 3 pts	
Resolution	0.1 mV	10 mV
Input impedance	10 MΩ	

In AC mode

Measurement range (1)	5.0 to 999.9 mV	1.00 to 9.99 V
Specified measurement range (2)	1 to 100 % of the measurement range	0 to 100 % of the measurement range
Uncertainties	5.0 mV to 99.9 mV ± (1 % R + 10 pts) 100.0 mV to 999.9 mV ± (1 % R + 3 pts)	1 % R + 3 pts
Resolution	0,1 mV	10 mV
Input impedance	10 MΩ	

**Note (1):** The basic display is 10 000 points. The position of the decimal point and the display of multiples (m and k) depend on the programming of the scale factor.

- In DC, the display indicates "+OL" above +9 999 points and "-OL" below -9 999 points. The "-" and "+" signs are managed (polarity).
- In AC, the display indicates "OL" above 9 999 points.

**Note (2):** The max bandwidth is 1 kHz.

**Specific characteristics in MAX/MIN mode** (from 10 Hz to 1 kHz):

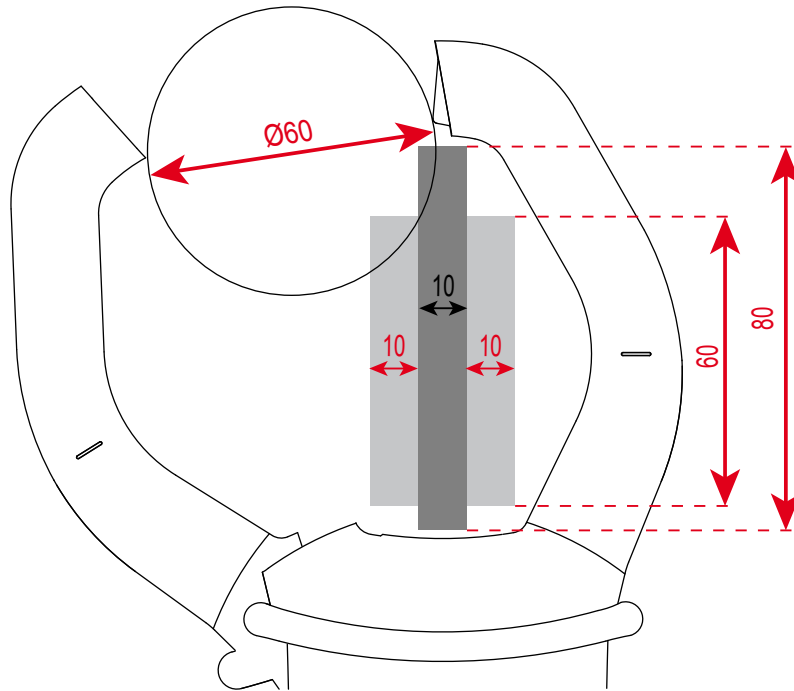
- Uncertainties: add 1 % R to the values of the table above.
- Time to capture of extrema: approximately 100 ms.

### 5.3. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Environmental conditions	in use	in storage
Temperature	- 20°C to + 55°C	- 40°C to + 70°C
Relative humidity (RH)	≤ 90 % to 55°C	≤ 90 % up to 70°C

### 5.4. CHARACTERISTICS OF CONSTRUCTION

Housing	Rigid polycarbonate shell with moulded elastomer covering
Jaws	Polycarbonate Opening: 60 mm Clamping diameter: 60 mm
Screen	LCD display unit Blue backlighting Dimension: 41 x 48 mm
Dimension	H-296 x W-111 x D-41 mm
Weight	640 g (with the batteries)





## 5.5. POWER SUPPLY

Batteries	4 x 1.5 V LR6
Mean life	> 350 hours (without backlighting)
Duration of operation before automatic switching off	After 10 minutes without action on the switch and/or keys

## 5.6. COMPLIANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS

Electric safety	Compliant with standards IEC/EN 61010-1 or BS EN 61010-1, IEC/EN 61010-2-032 or BS EN 61010-2-032: 1 000 V CAT IV and 1 500 V CAT III
Electromagnetic compatibility	Compliant with standard IEC/EN 61326-1 or BS EN 61326-1 Classification: residential environment
Mechanical strength	Free fall: 2 m (in accordance with standard IEC 68-2-32)
Level of protection of the housing	Housing: IP 54 (per standard IEC 60529) Jaws: IP 40

### 5.7. VARIATIONS IN THE DOMAIN OF USE

Quantity of influence	Range influence	Quantity influenced	Influence	
			Typical	MAX
Temperature	- 20 ... + 55°C	VAC VDC A* $\Omega$  T°C Adp	- 0.1 % R / 10°C 1 % R / 10°C* - (0.2 % R + 1°C) / 10°C 0.1 % R / 10°C + 3 pts	0.1 % R / 10°C 0.5 % R / 10°C + 2 pts 1.5 % R / 10°C + 2 pts* 0.1 % R / 10°C + 2 pts (0.3 % R + 2°C) / 10°C 0.3 % R / 10°C + 5 pts
Humidity	10 % ... 90 %HR	V A $\Omega$ 	≤ 1 pt - 0.2 % R	0.1 % R + 1 pt 0.1 % R + 2 pts 0.3 % R + 2 pts
Frequency	10 Hz ... 1 kHz 1 kHz ... 3 kHz 10 Hz ... 400 Hz 400 Hz ... 1 kHz	V A	1 % R + 1 pt 8 % R + 1 pt 1 % R + 1 pt 4 % R + 1 pt	1 % R + 1 pt 9 % R + 1 pt 1 % R + 1 pt 5 % R + 1 pt
Position of the conductor in the jaws (f ≤ 400 Hz)	Any position on the internal perimeter of the jaws	A (< 2 000 ADC or 1 400 AAC) (> 2 000 ADC)	2 % R 8 % R	4 % R + 1 pt
Adjacent conductor carrying a current of 150 A DC or RMS	Conductor touching the external perimeter of the jaws	A	42 dB	35 dB
Conductor enclosed by the clamp	0-500 ADC or RMS	V	< 1 pt	1 pt
Application of a voltage of the clamp	0-1 600 VDC or RMS	A	< 1 pt	1 pt
Peak factor	1.4 to 3.5 limited to 3 000 A peak 1 600 V peak	A (AC) V (AC)	1 % R 1 % R	3 % R + 1 pt 3 % R + 1 pt

**Note \* in temperature:** Influence specified until 1 000 ADC

## 6. MAINTENANCE


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The instrument has no parts that can be replaced by personnel who are not trained and approved. Any non-approved repair or other work, or replacement of a part by an "equivalent", may severely compromise safety.

### 6.1. CLEANING

- Disconnect everything connected to the device and set the switch to OFF.
- Use a soft cloth moistened with soapy water. Rinse with a damp cloth and dry quickly using a dry cloth or forced air.
- Dry perfectly before putting back into use.

### 6.2. REPLACEMENT OF THE BATTERIES

The  symbol indicates that the batteries are spent. When this symbol appears on the display unit, the batteries must be replaced. The measurements and specifications are no longer guaranteed.

To replace the batteries, proceed as follows:

1. Disconnect the measurement leads from the input terminals,
2. Set the switch to OFF,
3. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the screw securing the battery compartment cover to the back of the housing and open the cover (see § 4.1),
4. Replace all of the batteries (see § 4.1),
5. Close the cover and screw it to the housing.

## 7. WARRANTY

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Except as otherwise stated, our warranty is valid for **3 years** starting from the date on which the equipment was sold. The extract from our General Conditions of Sale is available on our website.

[www.chauvin-arnoux.com/en/general-terms-of-sale](http://www.chauvin-arnoux.com/en/general-terms-of-sale)

The warranty does not apply in the following cases:

- Inappropriate use of the equipment or use with incompatible equipment;
- Modifications made to the equipment without the explicit permission of the manufacturer's technical staff;
- Work done on the device by a person not approved by the manufacturer;
- Adaptation to a particular application not anticipated in the definition of the equipment or not indicated in the user's manual;
- Damage caused by shocks, falls, or floods.



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